

# THE DOTHAN EAGLE

WEEKLY EDITION.

VOLUME 6.

DOTHAN, ALABAMA, SATURDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 20TH, 1909.

NUMBER 34.

## THE FARMER FEEDS THEM ALL.

From Monday's Daily.

On yesterday the president transmitted to congress the report and recommendation of the country life commission, together with a special message on the subject.

The commission held thirty public hearings, in which the farmers from forty different states were represented, and one hundred and twenty thousand replies were received from inquiries sent out by the department of agriculture.

The report brings home to us the importance of the farmer in our national life.

Do we realize that there are only two classes of people in the world: people who live on farms and people who live on farmers?

Do we realize that ever in the world's history there have been more farmers than there have been of all other people combined?

Think, then, that not a mill, mine, factory or shop, theatre or railroad could exist were it not for the farmer.

He furnishes the raw material from which our food and our clothes are made. All our luxuries represent the profit on the farmer's produce.

There is just one man and the earth in all this great problem of life. The earth yields a living to man and exacts his labors as her price.

The farmer applies his labor to the earth and brings forth grain and timber and wool and leather and meat.

Then the rest of us take what the farmer has wrested from nature's storehouse and giving him as little as possible in return, proceed to juggle with the fruit of the farmer's toil in order that we may each have an excuse for eating three meals, wearing clothes and sleeping sheltered.

The mines are needed to furnish materials for machinery to work up the farm product; for railroads and ships to haul it; for tools to measure it with; for wire with which to fence the land on upon which to telegraph market quotations.

The brokers gamble in it; the bankers loan on it; the lawyers argue about it; the judges split hairs over it; the doctors care for the bodies of the farmers and the rest of the world which is working over farm produce.

The preachers are paid out of the crops to take care of our souls.

Stop and think if you can conceive of a single human being—including hobos—whose very life does not depend daily, upon the skill and industry of the farmer. There is no one.

President Roosevelt did a really big thing when he appointed his country-life commission—and all the funny men half-sole a lot of old jokes about it.

This commission has reported that there are really only three great needs of the American farmer:

First—Cooperation or organization.

Second—A new kind of schools for country children; schools that will prepare the pupils for country life rather than for city life, and.

Third—Better means of communication; especially good roads and parcels post.

Organization will come when

the farmer's children take at their real worth—or worthlessness—our jokes about farm life. When they see that we are only jealous. When the farmer realizes his dignity and independence.

The schools can be improved so that they fit a boy to judge rotation of crops as well as to keep a conductor's cash slip on a trolley car.

America will bloom, prosper and flourish in the same ratio that its people become tillers of the soil. When we can furnish the necessities of life to half the world we can all have more luxuries at home. When the fresh air of the fields is the breath of life to our children instead of the sickly vapor of the tenements the health of the nation will be robust.

When the farmer's boy and girl realize that in the city awaits them the crush of industrial competition.

Then the mockery of artificial leisure and the loss of human fellowship and neighborly love, when the "jazz" joke will lose its power.

But the farmer is entitled to opportunity, to recreation, to comfort. All of these he will have and he must also force an end to the speculative holding of land, to the stealing of water power, to the wasting of the forests.

In the meantime city people will come to know that they have as much license to poke fun at the farmer as he has that other parasite, the flea; to jest at the good-natured mastiff, on whose warm nutritious body he is a trespasser without title.—Atlanta Journal.

## SENATOR KNOX IS ELIGIBLE

Washington, Feb. 16.—In the opinion of President-elect Taft, Philander C. Knox is now legally eligible to receive the appointment of Secretary of State.

That he will be the premier in the Taft cabinet, was again positively stated by Mr. Taft tonight at the White House, the statement being made after two conferences to-day between the President-elect and Mr. Knox.

Mr. Taft went further and gave it as his opinion that no court could entertain an action based on the constitutionality of Mr. Knox's coming appointment for the reason that the first question that would arise in such a proceeding, would be whether Mr. Knox was a "de facto" of the government. This question, he maintained, would have to be answered in the affirmative, and there the proceeding would end.

## KILLS POLICE CHIEF.

Cordale, Ga., Feb. 16.—Chief of Police W. H. Forrest was instantly killed to-night at 9:30 o'clock by Bert Cain. Cain at once surrendered to Sheriff Ward and was lodged in the county jail.

In the presence of a number of traveling salesmen in a local hotel lobby, Cain called the officer from the building and began firing upon him as soon as they had cleared the veranda. The first shot went wild; the second struck the officer squarely over the heart, going through the body. The officer is survived by a widow and two children.

Cain is a well-known young business man, 25 years old.

## HOUSTON COUNTY MEDICAL SOCIETY.

### Resolutions Touching the Life and Death of Dr. J. R. G. Howell.

John Robert Graves Howell, was born near Echo, in Dale County, Alabama, October 5, 1862. He began the practice of medicine in Dothan, Alabama, October 24th, 1887; was President of the Henry County Medical Society in 1889, and Secretary and Treasurer of the Henry County Medical Society in 1890-91. He was Censor of the Henry County Medical Society for nine years.

He was the first President of the Houston County Medical Society. In 1901, at Selma, he was made a Councillor of the Alabama State Medical Association.

In 1903, he was made a Junior Vice President of the State Medical Association of Alabama, and Senior Vice President in 1904. From 1906 until his death he was a member of the State Board of Health, being one of the Censors of the State Medical Association.

During all the epidemics of contagious diseases which have visited this country since his residence in Dothan he was at the head of the local Quarantine Service.

January 16th, 1909, this distinguished man obeyed the final summons, yielding his soul to the Author who gave it being. In deepest grief we offer the following resolutions, in memory of our beloved confrere:

First: That our profession has lost one of its most active and loyal and ethical members, who was ever alert for the interest and welfare of organized medicine, and who discharged the many official duties bestowed upon him with zeal and efficiency.

Second: That we are grateful for the great moral worth of our collaborator and we stand with uncovered heads before the magnificent heroism with which he faced the journey to the Great Beyond.

Third: That it will afford us much gratification to see his son who is just entering our chosen profession, measure up to the high mark of excellence so ably achieved by his father.

Fourth: That we extend our sympathy to his bereaved family. That these resolutions be printed by The Dothan Eagle, by the Mobile Medical Journal, and the Alabama Medical Journal. That a copy be spread upon the minutes of the Houston County Medical Society. That copies be furnished the members of his family and his brother and sister.

M. S. Davis,

J. T. Fox,

Henry Green,

Committee.

## Our Navy Won't Purchase Powder Made by Trusts.

Washington, Feb. 16.—The Senate tonight agreed to the provision that no part of the appropriation for powder in the naval bill should be paid to any trust or combination in restraint of trade, or to any corporation having a monopoly in the manufacture or supply of gun powder, after amending it to read, "except in the event of war" instead of "in the event of an emergency."

## INJUNCTION GRANTED AGAINST THE STATE.

Secretary of State Frank N. Johnson was in Birmingham yesterday, served with papers prohibiting the state from revoking the license of the Western Union Telegraph Co. The applications were made for an injunction before Judge Jones, to prevent the annulment of the license of the telegraph company, when it removes three cases from the state to the federal court.

The state law provides that in all cases where litigations of foreign corporations is moved from the state to the United States courts, the license of the corporation is so automatically revoked.

The case is set for a hearing February 23 at Birmingham.

## NIAGARA FALLS

### CLOGGED WITH ICE

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Feb. 15.—Only a tiny rivulet not deep or swift enough to carry a pulp log over the brink is flowing over the American falls. A strong northerly wind which has blown since Friday has held back the water and allowed the ice to gain a foothold.

A great wall of ice runs from the head of Goat Island to the American mainland and through which only tiny streams are able to trickle. This wall has even encroached on the Canadian channel, extending out some 200 feet beyond the third sister island and greatly diminishing the flow over the horse shoe. Only the very apex of the Canadian falls is left and that is robbed of half of its flow. The gorge below is choked and the rapids have lost their fury, while the whirlpool is barely in motion.

This is only the third time that ice has thus affected the falls since the white man came here. The other occasions were March 29 1843 and March 22, 1903.

## THIRD SQUADRON IS NEARING FLEET

Navy Department Expects them To Meet Today.

Washington, Feb. 16.—It is believed at the navy department that the home-coming fleet and the third squadron, bound out to meet it, will meet today instead of to-morrow, as per schedule. According to the dispatches received last night, both divisions were nearing the meeting place.

Unless they deliberately maneuver they are bound to come together some time today if they keep up their cruising speed of from ten to twelve knots. The battleship fleet itself is within nearly four days' distance of Hampton Roads and it could make that port by Sunday if it desired. Admiral Sperry will use the two extra days, however, for the fleet maneuvers with the entire combined fleet, so that the newly added squadron, commanded by Admiral Arnold, can maintain itself in fleet maneuvers with the other vessels that have had more than a year's practice.

## CIRCUIT COURT.

The Spring Term of Houston County Circuit Court convenes here on Monday, April 26th. Return day of this term is April 6th.

## MAY BE PARDONED.

Minneapolis, Feb. 14.—Application for a full pardon for Cole Younger, former member of the Jesse James gang, captured in the Northfield Bank raid, conditionally pardoned in 1903, after serving over a quarter of a century, has been made to Governor Johnson by James R. Reed, formerly of Kansas City, Mo.

"Cole Younger is now engaged in the promotion of a railroad to his home in Lees Summit, Mo.," writes Mr. Reed, "and because of the condition under which he now enjoys freedom, finds himself constantly embarrassed."

There is some debate as to the likelihood of the application receiving favorable consideration Younger having violated one of the conditions of his pardon, when he exhibited himself, a year ago, in connection with a traveling show.

## MORE HARM THAN GOOD

Birmingham News.

A call has been issued in New York for a conference for the purpose of discussing the negro question. Aside from the amount of ignorance that will be manifested at this meeting, it will, as most of the meetings of this kind, do more harm than good. The less said and done in the North in this direction the better for the negro as well as the white man. The best way to solve the so-called negro question is to let it alone. That has been demonstrated time and again in the South as well as the North, and more especially in the North.

## SHIPS FOR PACIFIC.

Should Keep One Half of Navy There.

Washington, Feb. 16.—One half of the United States Navy should be kept on the Pacific coast at all times, in the opinion of the Senate.

An amendment to the naval bill was agreed tonight providing that in the discretion of the President one-half of the navy shall be kept in Pacific waters, so far as practicable. The President already has the authority to so divide the fleet, but the amendment amounts to an expression of Congress in favor of such action.

## FUNERAL NOTICE.

The funeral of the late Tillman Trotter will be preached at Bulah church, on the fourth Sunday in February, 28th inst.

All members of Camp Bartow are requested to attend these services and wear their badges.

M. V. WHITE, Commander  
Camp Bartow.

## NEGRO SHOOTS SHERIFF

Waycross, Ga., Feb. 16.—In an attempt to arrest a negro, six miles south of Carrollton, yesterday afternoon, Sheriff Jones and his son, Charles, were wounded by shots from the negro's pistol, while the latter was barricaded in a house. The negro escaped. The Sheriff and his son are not thought to be dangerously wounded.

## TEDDY'S ACHIEVEMENTS

From a letter to the New York World.

On the Sunday before Roosevelt goes out of office please print in succinct form and in chronological order an epitome of the remarkable things he has done during his seven years as President, such as:

1. His interference in Central American affairs, sending warships to Panama, etc.
2. Settling anthracite coal strike.
3. Special messages to Congress denouncing individuals.
4. Booker Washington dinner.
5. Advising mothers of families.
6. Repeating Noah Webster.
7. Denouncing Jack London.
8. Sending White House balloons (government property) to the basement and to the junk dealer.
9. Reinstating West Point cadets.
10. Naval parade at Oyster Bay for his own pleasure.
11. Reviving old English model laws.
12. Brief statement of facts of each initiation into the Abnatis club.
13. His career as a non-trust buster—Paul Morton, Harriman, etc.
14. Licensing the purchase of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company.

A brief history of these and other doings of Roosevelt would be valuable to those who wish to refer to his administration from time to time, and ought to be embraced in the next World almanac.

## SAYS WHITE RACE CAN'T STAND.

Sacramento, Feb. 15.—Assemblyman A. N. Drew of Fresno, who recently introduced an anti-Asian bill, preached at the Central Methodist church last night. He said:

"The history of the world teaches that the comingling of the white and the yellow or the white and the black races always brings the white race down and never brings the yellow or the black races up. It results in a shiftless, mongrel race, that the world does not want."

"The South American countries were settled with the peoples of Spain and the negro blood and that is the thing that places the South American lands where they are."

"The Monroe doctrine was one of the most pernicious the world had ever known. The country teems with natural wealth, but the people who inhabit it are the most worthless in the world. And now the Monroe doctrine has crossed the continent to California. I submit to you that the white race never has and never can stand where the yellow or the black race meet. If conditions go on as they are now it will not be fifty years until the white race becomes the typewriters and the servants of the yellow. To compete with the yellow race the white man would starve to death."

J. S. Bustin, of Panozy, was here today, and told us to send him the paper again, for there was no use to try to get along without it.



# The Dothan Eagle

W. T. HALL, Editor and Prop.

Telephone No. 119

Entered at the postoffice at Dothan, Alabama, as second-class mail matter.

Daily, for one year \$5.00  
(Every afternoon except Sunday)

Weekly, one year \$1.00  
(Published every Saturday)

Saturday, February 20, 1909.

Of course, there are two sides to everything, but the butter is on but one, usually.

A cracking good time need not necessarily mean that something extra dry was opened.

The weather man has softened down some, and is now showing us that he has all grades, if he didn't give us but one kind for some time.

When the ex-President gets over African way, he might go ashore at Liberia and be President there for awhile, just to show those fellows how it's done.

It is usually safest in an argument to admit that there is just a bare possibility that you don't know anything about the subject matter under discussion.

Paul Cook of the Age-Herald, and Phil Armstrong of the Advertiser may be as said a pair as the magazine articles say was Lincoln, but the stuff they write don't bear out such suspicion.

If we all saw things just alike, the judges would have to go right off and hunt another job, the lawyers would close up and might go fishing, the—but why go further? The world wouldn't be worth living in.

It is impossible to run a paper for any length of time without making somebody feel like you were doing them an injustice, by putting things in at times that don't appeal to their sense of reason or fair play.

It is going to be mighty lonesome about the White House for a few weeks, after the President has backed up a dray to the rear door of the building and carted away his belongings, preparatory to leaving for his Eastern tour.

Some one has asked this fool question: "After March 4, what will we do with Fairbanks?" What have we ever done for him? Crum is the fly in the butter that is to be served to Mr. Taft about the time he gets seated good.

It doesn't seem to us like the Billie Possum is making worth a hardly, and believe 'tis because all the papers thus far shown of him, make him look more like a Billie Goat than a Billie Possum. Study the expression of the eyes the Atlanta Department Stores are showing, and see if it doesn't look that way to you.

The old time country editor who kept a column of matter standing at all times, to be turned loose on the competitor around the corner, has passed out of journalism. He no longer finds it necessary to keep up a fight with the other fellow to make the people take an interest in his paper, and read what he says. It is the rarest thing in the world, now, to pick up a paper and read of the fight between two editors in the same town, and the reading public no longer expects one editor to lambast the other on all occasions.

There must be mighty few Washington hand presses used in printing newspapers in Alabama, as compared to the number once used. We notice now, in running a thumb under the wrappers, going into the weekly exchanges, that we find fewer papers still

damp from the wetting down the paper once received in preparing it for the old Washington press. Out of the many that come to this office less than half a dozen show this sign, and this, we take it, is a sign of better times, an indication that the newspaper men of Alabama are getting along in their business of publishing a paper.

## WHITHER ARE WE DRIFTING.

New York Free Press.

There comes a cry of protest from Alabama—a voice from the metropolis of Dothan. Editor Hall of The Dothan Eagle who has heretofore "pointed with pride," now "views with alarm." Ten years ago there were only three "dress suits" in Dothan and these were worn by their owners seldom and timidly in deference to a popular opinion which was liable any moment to assume an acute form and make things unpleasant for the wearers. But now, according to a census taken by Editor Hall, there are no less than two dozen of the abhorrent and nefarious costumes in Dothan, and their owners wear them openly and without fear or shame.

We have heard it said that mild winters were sure to result in much sickness during the following summer. Last winter was mild and the doctors say that last summer was a distressingly healthy summer, as a whole. Heard a doctor say the other day, that the doctors' work was getting scarcer every year. He thought it due to the country getting agreeable; the timber is not being worked for turpentine, and the sourness of rotting wood is no longer produces the fevers that it once did. He thinks that surgery is our only means of offering something for the doctors to do in this section. Health is getting to be so good. He hopes that automobiles, flying machines, and other modern inventions, will give the doctor enough to do to keep him from being lonesome and blue.

## REWARD FOR CRIME.

Among the bills before congress that ought to fail is that infamous one to have those soldiers who "shot up" Brownsville put back in the army to be supported at government expense. These men either committed the murder, or concealed the murderers. There is no question about it, yet men in high position have placed a bill before congress to have these men supported at public expense.

The very people of Brownsville would be taxed to support the soldiers who committed the outrages upon them. Nothing could be more infamous.

It is to be hoped that the bill will never come to any kind of a vote. We would not like to see any man whatever his political needs, vote for so horrible a measure.

The men have escaped punishment, and in all equity that is far more than they deserved. Escaping punishment should have satisfied Mr. Foraker. No good man would vote for the measure, but politicians with an eye to the great negro vote in certain states would do so.

Just think of the proposition, to compel Brownsville and the nation to support murderers and the men who aided in concealing the murderers.—Birmingham Ledger.

## WE ALL HAVE.

"What's the matter?"  
"My husband wants to quarrel all the time about the cooking."  
"I've heard of these people who would rather fight than eat."

## DIDN'T SAY IT.

It frequently happens that an article goes through this paper that we never see till the issue

is out, for we don't write near all that is in it, neither do we read all of the proofs, but we felt the need of a closer knowledge of what went in the paper the other day when a prominent citizen of Dothan, and a friend of ours, made this request:

"I want to see a copy of your paper in which you claim that the Board of Stewards of the Foster Street Methodist Church failed to collect the preacher's salary, and that the preacher had turned the account over to an attorney for collection."

We looked at him again, and he still didn't seem to be joking, and then we asked him if he knew what issue the article was in. He said that his authority gave it as being in Friday's issue. That gave us time to rummage through the paper, before turning it over to him, and we felt relieved when we failed to find such a news item. We then turned over the files to him, and boldly denied any such statement, and told him to look it up. He failed to find it, or anything else that sounded in the least like it.

Looking for a long time as we have for little news items that might be of local interest, we thought it strange that such a piece of news could go through the paper without our hearing more from it before the expiration of the day following. Then we remembered how little we knew of such a matter. We don't even know what salary is paid by the Foster Street Methodist Church; we don't know what is paid by the LaFayette Street Church or the First Baptist Church. Neither do we know what Headland Avenue Church pays; nor what the Presbyterians pay their preacher; nor do we know what the Episcopal preacher receives. We also lack information as to what Cherry Street Church pays, and have no idea of what Baptist Bottom pays a preacher—don't know what any of 'em get, but they all seem prosperous and happy, and if any of them ever had to employ a lawyer to collect their past salaries, or put the account in the hands of a collection agency, such proceedings entirely escaped us.

Evidently somebody has been deceived, and this paper has been grossly misrepresented.

If you can tell us how such things got started, then we can probably tell you how it is that the editor is usually thought to be the biggest liar in town, regardless of veridicality.

It sometimes happens that we go out of the way to tell a lie but mark you; whenever we do it it is a lie that hurts no one. That it is a fabrication appears on its face, and the youngest and most inexperienced readers is not deceived in it. When it comes down to lying, we can do it in such a way that it deceives on even even Dummy would give us the horse laugh. That is the brand of lying we make a specialty of.

Another man walked in the other day, and wanted to see the paper, wherein we said there wasn't a vacant house in Dothan. We denied that and allowed the fellow to go through the files till he saw that a mistake was abroad. At the time, the want columns held ads. for people who had houses to rent. Other wants showed that some people were wanting houses. This is no indication that we have any more vacant houses at one time than another; it may merely show the shifting, the moving around, that goes on in any live town; still we were being accused of making a statement through the paper that might have been made thirteen months ago, for all we know.

We wish to remark, in conclusion, that while it is a bad idea to believe all that you may see in the paper, it is far worse to circulate a thing till you know that the item appeared in it.

## FRESH MEATS.

We are still handling some of the Nicest PORK AND STEAK that has ever been carried by any Market. Orders Filled Promptly. Phone 55

G. E. ROLAND.

## PLUMBING AND ELECTRICAL WORK.

See the man that will do your work right. Repairing of all Kinds. Telephones 318 and 23

E. G. BRAGDON  
59 East Main Street.

## SOAPS

TRY

McCALLUM'S

Witch Hazel Soap

For

The Skin

We are confident that you will like it. 10c per Cake, 3 for 25 cents.

N. H. McCallum

Prescription Pharmacist

Phone 121

## HACK LINE.

I am running a first-class hack line and am prepared to give the public Prompt Service. You don't get left when you depend upon my hacks. They meet all trains, day or night.

Phone 304.

F. E. CALL

## DOTHAN PARLOR

MARKET

has Moved Opposite Hotel Martin.

PHONE 146.

One phone. Just one phone. We Sell

Steak, 10 to 12 1-2c

Pork Chops, 12 1-2c

Pork Sides, 10c

Millet Fish, 6 1-2c

Snapper Fish, 7c

Shrimp, 16c

Oysters, per quart, 35c

We are going to sell the Fish and Meat.

Green Cut Bone for Chickens at all times.

Got the Old Reliable, but

At the New Reliable.

Remember, just one phone

but it rings all the time.

## SICKNESS OR ACCIDENT

need not stop your income. There's a way to keep your salary coming, even if you are sick, or laid up from accident.

## THE MASONIC PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION.

of Worcester, Mass., will insure you if you are a member of the Masonic order. It will pay you a weekly indemnity if you are sick or disabled by accident.

The Payments Are Made Quarterly, and are small enough to make the insurance attractive. Death by sickness or accident, \$100.00 is paid, and weekly indemnities according to the class. For information, see

J. T. TRAWICK, Dothan, Ala.

## Coughs, Colds and Sore Throat

For Coughs, Sore Throat, Hoarseness and other Ordinary Throat Troubles, you cannot get anything that will give you speedier relief than

## Hollan's Cough Syrup, with White Pine Honey, Wild Cherry and Tar

The soreness, irritation and inflammation promptly vanish, after a few doses have been taken.

Those Who Suffer with Night Coughs and Chronic Hard Coughs, will find HOLLAN'S COUGH SYRUP Especially Helpful. It will Relieve the Coughing Spells and allow you to Get Needed Rest at Night.

PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOTTLE. We will Give You a Free Sample.

The M. A. Ellison Drug Company

## We wish to call the attention of our Customers to our CLEANING AND PRESSING DEPARTMENT.

We have added a room to our building to do this class of work exclusively, and expect to give you first-class work at reasonable prices.

Two piece suits dry cleaned and pressed, 50c

Two piece suit scrubbed and pressed, 75c

Coat or Pants single scrubbed and pressed, 40c each

Ladies' Skirts, plain without plaits, dry cleaned and pressed, 50c each

Skirts with plaits dry cleaned and pressed, 75c

Ladies' Fall Suits cleaned and pressed, \$1.00 to \$1.50

We are also prepared to do French dry cleaning, of such garments that cannot be cleaned by water process without injury to goods. Prices will be made on examination of goods when wished to be done by this method.

When our wagon calls for your Laundry, give out your pressing. Club members, \$1.25 per month. Panama Hats Cleaned.

DOTHAN STEAM LAUNDRY

## The Best Fertilizers for Corn

That the yield of corn from the average farm can be greatly increased by intelligent and liberal fertilization has been repeatedly demonstrated. Large crops of good corn result from preparing the land well, using the right kind and quantity of fertilizer, good seed and proper cultivation.

## Virginia-Carolina Fertilizers

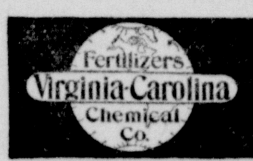
will greatly "increase your yield per acre" of corn or any other crop. In some cases remarkable results have been obtained.

Mr. C. W. Caruthers of Sumpter County, Fla., writes: "Words cannot express the value of your fertilizer. It is really so far ahead of other companies' goods, that it would not pay anyone to use other brands, were they given free and put in the field. I can prove what I say to be a fact. I made a test on five acres. I used on one half the land your fertilizer and on the other half another company's fertilizer, same grade; the land received the same cultivation every time. I kept a correct account of the amount of money I got off each half and I got \$300 more from the land on which I used Virginia Carolina Fertilizer than I did off the other half. I got four times as much corn from the land on which I used your fertilizer."

Write today to nearest office of the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company for a free copy of the new 1909 Farmers' Year-Book or Almanac, full of the most valuable and unprejudiced information for planters and farmers; or ask your fertilizer dealer for a copy.

Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co.

Sales Offices  
Richmond, Va.  
Norfolk, Va.  
Columbia, S. C.  
Atlanta, Ga.  
Savannah, Ga.  
Memphis, Tenn



Sales Offices  
Durham, N. C.  
Charleston, S. C.  
Baltimore, Md.  
Columbus, Ga.  
Montgomery, Ala.  
Shreveport, La.

## Weak Women

frequently suffer great pain and misery during the change of life. It is at this time that the beneficial effect of taking Cardui is most appreciated, by those who find that it relieves their distress.

TAKE **CARDUI**  
It Will Help You

Mrs. Lucinda C. Hill, of Freehold, N. J., writes: "Before I began to take Cardui, I was so badly I was afraid to lie down at night. After I began to take it I felt better in a week. Now my pains have gone. I can sleep like a girl of 16 and the change of life has nearly left me." Try Cardui.

AT ALL DRUG STORES



Judge Pearce went to Jasper, Fla., today.

J. S. Radney, of Ashford, was here to-day.

J. W. Abernathy, of Columbia, was here today.

A. A. Jones, of Columbia, was in Dothan today.

Rev. W. S. Poyner went to Geneva this morning.

Ben Stevens was here this morning from Malverne.

Mr. Jim Espy, editor of the Abville Times, was in Dothan today.

Mr. Geo. Baker, who is now residing at Colquitt, Ga., is in the city today.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Leslie and Mr. Tom Espy left today for New Orleans.

Messrs. L. D. Heath and O. C. Doster of Enterprise were in Dothan today.

Misses Clifford and Bert Faircloth left last evening to visit friends at Enterprise.

Miss Emmie Byrd, of Ozark, is visiting her cousin Mr. M. B. Byrd and family on South Oafes street.

Mrs. J. L. Domingus left last night for Lakeland, Fla., to visit her daughter, Mrs. J. W. Buchanan.

Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Culver, and son, of Montgomery, are in the city visiting Mr. W. E. Culver, on South Foster street.

Mr. F. E. Call has secured a position, we learn from the Fire Department in Albany, Ga., and will move today with his family to that city.

Mrs. Mullen Trawick, of Abbeville, who has been visiting the city of Mr. Tom Trawick, left today, to visit friends in Thomasville, Ga.

Mr. Will Smith, who was so severely cut by Waddell, at Flowers' Chapel ten days ago, has so far recovered as to be able to go to his home in the country.

If you haven't given in your ad for the special edition of this paper next Monday, you had better do it now. A good many people are going to risk an ad. and a good many more will be wanting to read a paper that is gotten out by just one boss.

#### PROGRAM HOUSTON COUNTY TEACHER'S INSTITUTE.

At Columb., Ala., February 19 and 20, 1909.

##### Friday Morning.

10:00 Call to Order. Devotional Exercises.

10:15 Welcome Address: Hon. W. L. Lee. Response: Prof. O. L. Thompson.

10:30 Enrollment of Teachers. Appointment of Committees.

11:00 "First Lessons in Word Methods," Miss Rosa Lee—Miss Beula Collins.

12:00 Recess.

##### Friday Afternoon.

2:00 "Grading the Country Schools."—H. C. Carlisle, J. M. Odom, W. W. Burns.

2:30 "Functions of the Country High School in our system of Education."—Prof. H. C. McDonald, W. O. Burdeshaw, G. W. Collins.

3:00 "Relation of Rural Schools to the High School."—Samuel Dowling, N. D. Cameron, J. H. Fussell.

4:00 "What the High School has a right to expect of the Rural School."—C. F. Cassidy, H.

W. Weed.

4:30 "Utility of the Teacher's Institute."—J. V. Brown, J. W. Kitchens.

7:30 Address—President E. M. Shackelford, Troy Normal, Troy, Ala.

##### Saturday Morning.

8:00 Query Box Discussion.

"Ad Libitum."

9:00 Arbor Day Exercises.—Miss Margaret Ansley, Miss Foy Pitts, Miss Lillian Jordan.

9:30 Adjournment "Sine Die."

#### A KICK FROM THE CANAL ZONE.

The merchants, bankers and business men of Colon and Panama have sent the President a petition asking for relief from special privilege the government is enjoying in that zone.

They accuse the government of violating the treaty-rights. They say that the Government shouldn't allow its employees to buy all manner of stuff from governmental commissaries, on which no duty was paid. This, they claim, makes it impossible for anyone to do business in the canal zone outside of the government. The government reserved the right to ship all its supplies and necessities there, free from duty, but the business people down there, who happen not to be in the employ of the United States government, see no way of making a living, for all branches of trade are occupied by the government. When goods are shipped to other dealers, the duty is so high till they stand on the corners and watch the people go to the government stores for goods, when these stores don't even advertise in the local papers. Then, there's a coupon system—the old commissary check system, possibly—which is a menace to good commercialism, and which these people claim, is gradually squeezing out all the business men not in the governmental department stores.

The petition takes up sixteen or eighteen printed pages, in book form, and looks something like the minutes of a negro association, (but reads different) with several hundred names signed at the bottom, all of which sound foreign, so foreign in fact, that but few American names can be recognize in the lot.

We are sure his excellency will be impressed when he comes to such prominent petitioners as "Arturo Kohpeke, Henriquez, Quelquejeu, Yeaza, Chong Chang, Pablo Menotti, and Wai On Teng Pablo Menotti, and Wai on Tsennng Chang, and Lam Hing Co., Lee Chong, Ah Kai, Tong Wo Tai & Co.

In the bunch, somewhere, we find the name of "J. Mahoney," and "Oldstein Bros.," both of which seem homelike; but the majority of these fellows won't stand much of a show on a petition to the President, and he fixing off to Africa as fast as he can. They ought to be by all means, have had those names Americanized a little. It may be, however, that President-elect Taft, having just returned from the canal zone, will be able to understand it all, and give these people relief from the United States government. But we thought that the United States didn't propose to offer any special inducements for settlers until that ditch was running water, and that it made such arrangements as it thought necessary to complete the thing in the quickest possible manner, the different administrations and civil engineers' reports to the contrary, notwithstanding.

The petition concludes with the following (no doubt true) statements: "While we are not unmindful of the many improvements wrought in sanitary conditions by the efforts of the United States government, and our streets bear many of the outward signs of progress, yet, as a matter of fact, we are less prosperous now than we

were in the worst days of the French enterprise when work on the canal was virtually at a standstill. We feel sure that this is neither the wish nor the intention of Your Excellency nor the American people, and we beg most respectfully to suggest the following remedies \* \* \* \*"

The remedies suggested were, that the United States pay its employees in currency, instead of coupons; that commissary stores should import only such articles as are authorized to be sold at post canteens in the U. S.; that the Panama R. R. Co., of which the U. S. is the big stockholder, should not be allowed to give rebates on freights and discriminate against other shippers.

All of which sounds reasonable, and a little American, especially where they accuse this government of discriminating against other shippers, as so many of the railroads of this country have likewise been accused, from time to time. This is evidently an American enterprise, pure and simple.

#### ARIZONA AND NEW MEXICO

Under a suspension of rules the House unexpectedly and unanimously passed the bill granting separate statehood to Arizona and New Mexico. In the House the bill was not considered a party question, and if the Senate takes a like view of it the two territories will be granted statehood before March 4. Both parties are committed to the passing of the bill, and if some elder statesmen in the Senate is not alarmed by the possible appearance in that body of four new democratic Senators the bill will become a law.

It certainly should be passed. The two territories would have been admitted years ago if they had been considered republican in politics. They are at heart democratic, and the republicans have been unwilling to do them justice on this account. The course of the republicans in this matter has not been creditable or honorable or patriotic.

If Arizona and New Mexico become states there will be all told 18 stars on the national flag after July 4, and all the mainland territory will have been cut up into states. There will remain Alaska, Hawaii and the provinces of Guam, Samoa, Porto Rico, and the Philippines. Possibly Hawaii and Alaska may yet become states; so may Porto Rico after a long tangle, but no one now anticipates the transformation of our provinces into states. The Filipinos at heart desire independence, and our other provinces are not large enough to constitute states. Alaska will, however, become a state. It is full of mineral wealth and when it is well penetrated by railroads it will begin to seek statehood. It is safe to say it will become No. 49.—Age Herald.

#### REMOVE MARINES URGES SEN. HALE

Washington, Feb. 16.—Senator Hale today discussed the removal of the marines from the vessels of the navy. He took the same view that the President did, which is that the marines should be removed from the ships, believing that the navy would be benefitted thereby.

Will it be baseball in Dothan or no base ball in Dothan?

#### 130 MEN REPORTED ENTOMBED IN MINE.

Newcastle, England, Feb. 16.—One hundred and thirty men are said to have been entombed by a colliery explosion in north-west Durham this afternoon.

We are ready to hear another supreme court decision, crushing a choice law of the last legislature.

#### HOUSE BURNED THIS MORNING.

A five-room vacant house was burned this morning about five o'clock, corner Lena and Washington streets, opposite Mr. Ben Payne's store.

The department responded to the call, but the fire had gained such headway that the house could not be saved after their arrival.

The property destroyed belonged to Dr. J. M. Stevens. Some insurance was carried upon the property, but we did not learn the amount.

The call of the department yesterday evening was caused by a crossed wire up near the Coast Line depot.

#### NEW CORPORATION.

The Columbia Dry Goods Co. is the name of a new corporation chartered this month to do business in this county.

The principal place of business is to be at Columbia, Ala., and the capital stock is given in at eight thousand dollars, divided into 80 shares of \$100 each.

The incorporators and stockholders are: T. J. Sanders, F. E. Sanders, M. E. Sanders, F. B. Sanders, A. M. Sanders, E. W. Sanders and T. J. Sanders.

#### APPOINTMENTS OF DR. J. A. PETERSON.

Taylor Circuit at Mount Olive, Feb. 20-21. Preaching Saturday and Sunday.

St. Andrews St. Church, Preaching Sunday night, February, 21, at 7:15.

#### ACCEPTS ATLANTA MAN'S OFFER.

New Orleans, Feb. 17.—Mayor Behrman, of New Orleans has sent a letter to Captain W. G. Raoul, of Atlanta, Ga., accepting the captain's offer to return the death mask of Napoleon, which was taken from the city hall here many years ago. The matter of acknowledging the mask as a gift from Captain Raoul will be laid before the city council at its next meeting.

#### METHODIST MEETING.

Interest in the Meeting is Growing Daily.

Rev. T. J. Mangum preached a forceful sermon at the Foster St. M. E. Church last night, to a large congregation.

Rev. Mangum is one of the rising young preachers in the Alabama Conference. Go out and hear him. He will preach again tonight at 7:15, and also again tomorrow morning.

#### STEEPLEJACK FALLS TO DEATH AT PRATTVILLE.

Prattville, Ala., Feb. 17.—Just as W. D. McKelvey, a steeplejack from Pottstown, Pa., reached the top of a tank of the Autaugaville Oil and Fertilizer Company, he reached for the ladder which gave way, and he fell seventy-five feet to the ground below, being instantly killed. A telegram was sent to his mother, Mrs. Jeannette McKelvey, of Pottstown, Pa., as a letter was found from her in the dead man's pocket.

#### POLITICS IN CHURCHES TO BE BARRED BY LAW

Austin, Texas, February 17.—In the senate today Senator Kellie introduced a bill prohibiting all political speeches in churches and making a violator punishable by a fine and imprisonment.

## Young Men & Young Women

Wanted, to prepare for position as stenographers, bookkeepers, and telegraph operators at salaries, paying \$50 to \$150 a month. Positions guaranteed, railroad are paid, catalogue free. Mnton Dothan Eagle and address

### Wheeler Business College Birmingham Alabama.

\$24. 50

TO

### Washington D. C. and Return Account Inaugural Ceremonies

President Elect Taft

VIA

### Atlantic Coast Line.

Tickets on Sale February 28th, March 1st, 2nd and 3rd; final limit to reach original starting point not later than Mid-night March 10th.

Special low rates for Parties of 25 or more traveling together on one Ticket.

For further information, reservations, etc., call on nearest Ticket Agent. Correspondence solicited.

T. C. WHITE,	E. M. NORTH,	F. C. WEAVER,
Genl. Pass. Agt.	Div. Pass. Agt.,	Trav. Pass. Agt.
Wilmington, N. C.	Savannah, Ga.	Montgomery, Ala.

## How Many People In Town Have As Good Piano As They Want?



you can count them on the fingers of one hand, now we carry a line of pianos that has the reputation of the earth, and we would be pleased to show you our line.

Remember we can get you any make, style, or price piano you may want. We carry a full line of organs of all makes, and the Edison Phonographs. All of our goods are backed by our guarantee as to the quality and price. Terms to suit the buyer, you have no risk to run we have it all.

## J. W. Goff Music Co

FOSHER ST.

DOTHAN, ALABAMA



## A THOROUGH TRIAL.

Ninety-eight years ago a society was formed at Princeton, N. J., whose mission it was to gather up all the free negroes, and maybe others not so free, and ship them back to a section of Africa, where their grandparents came from, purely from a humanitarian standpoint. Not for the good of the negroes who were sent back, not that so much, but for the good those people would do for their savage brothers in the Dark continent. Within the first ten years of the society's organization, it succeeded in tolling off something like eighteen or twenty thousand American negroes. They were dumped off at Liberia, on the west coast of Africa, which is a territory about as big as Alabama and Florida, and which is rich in minerals, as well as being a part of the richest soil in Africa. And we always had an idea they had some pretty rich land in parts of Africa, where it had never been used to hurt. This land had valuable timber in the mountain forests and the early yielded gold and silver, copper and iron, and the valleys and plains would produce cotton, tobacco, rice, while cattle and horses, and goats ran wild all over it. There were coffee trees fifty years old, bearing coffee, and they are probably still bearing it. Coffee grows on trees there, like money does, the farther west you go.

To make the colony an ideal one, some of the best teachers of the country were sent along to educate the savage man, and the savage man's harem was demolished and set into school houses. The different religious denominations erected churches, and it did look for a while as if there wouldn't be a negro left untamed in Africa.

And you, the negroes that went from America, had been here long enough to get in touch of our way of doing things, having been raised here. So they set up a form of government, something like ours, where they, being the election managers, got all the good offices, and it did look as if the arm of the United States was thrown around them for a time.

These negroes went to work, and tried to teach their savage brothers how to work and be great, and independent, and free, and to vote like other people. It that lot of negroes were some who had been educated and some who had been free, had enjoyed the blessings of civilization, though a slave part of the time. Now they were cut loose, with plenty of productive soil, plenty of timber, plenty of minerals, plenty of live stock (though a little wild, we admit) with a fairly good climate, a climate in which they could live about as well as at home—and much better than the New Jersey climate.

Now, that was nearly two hundred years ago, when the first ones were unloaded at Liberia, and the flourishing colony was formed.

You remember what President Roosevelt said to congress the other day. He didn't say much, but it meant much. He merely asked that some \$20,000 or \$25,000 be set aside, to fit out and pay the expenses of a commission to be sent over there to redeem that once-a-handful of American negroes from the savagery of their brothers.

Ever since that colony was formed, from time to time, when an educated negro got a chance to give them the grand bounce, he would come home, if he had enough to come on—if not, he came steaming anyway. It is from such negroes that he train has been learned. They say that they could never impress it sufficiently in the minds of the natives in their school work, that it didn't look just right for the green young women to come tripping to school every morn-

ing, wearing nothing in the world but a bramble briar tied in a bow knot around the waists. To the natives this looked alright, but the American brother, who had been doing service under the white man's direction all his life, thought it a sight, and was something that a few couldn't stand for, and they jumped the game, and gave up the idea of redeeming the people over there, called their brothers and sisters.

Those not so strong in the faith, who loved that free and easy life, soon quit school altogether, and went a-fishing.

As time rolled on matters grew worse, an American training seemed a long ways behind that of modern Liberia. The weather was mild, and they saw the need of but little clothing; game was plentiful, and they felt no need of working any more than was necessary to catch a mess of fish, or slip up on a rabbit, or a possum, and break them down the loins with a stick. Soon they lost even the taste for cooked food, and as it was a lot of trouble to have to stop everything and cook dinner when one got hungry, they abandoned the cooking business except on rare occasions, as for instance when they wanted a rare steak. They finally got to the point where they didn't care much what the steak came off, just so it was fat and fresh. At last it got so, when the count was made at night, it was a common thing to find one of the children missing, and then a fat grown negro was liable to be absent from his place at roll call. So one could not blame those American negroes, who jumped the land of their nativity, as you might say, and came home before they acquired an appetite for some member of the family, and ate them up for breakfast some morning.

That, in round numbers, is a rough, free-hand drawing of an hundred years' effort at self-government, where no white man stood by to help keep tab and give directions, and establish precedents.

Africa can be brought in to a sort of state of civilization, possibly, but it will be when the white man lays down his work and goes over there and camps on the job. A negro is a fool to go over there and try it, and we don't blame those who returned for loving home, for, like ourselves, this is all the home they know.

## ABOUT PREACHING.

Don't be afraid to walk right up and join the crowd you see on the streets of Dothan these days. No political argument is going on, no boys are found with chips on their shoulders and blood in their eyes, no dogs will be found fighting; neither will you see the man lying in an epileptic state with a doctor bending over him, nor will you see the man in the center sticking a fifteen inch dirk through his wrist before the goes to selling razors at a dollar each. None of these highly cultured and modern educational institutions will be on exhibition. Ten to one, you will find a preacher in the middle of that crowd gyrating on a new passage of scripture that he will tell you, your pastor has overlooked, and that he was directed to it by forces he could not explain. He will hand the home preachers a hot one, just to see a smile go up from a few tight wads in the crowd.

This is probably the best preached town in Alabama, and a ten minutes' walk will put a citizen convenient to as many pulpits as he needs on any Sabbath day; but that don't keep the itinerants from blockading street traffic, and filling a healthy, sunshiny atmosphere full of new sects and dogmas.

Only about one in every 750 of this class of preachers could earn over \$1.15 a day at anything, and they would have to be a better

guano distributor than they look, to even earn that amount. If they teach anything, it is how to live without doing real work.

There's some fine line of distinction between the man who holds up the crowd on the street, and the man who calls at the back door for a hand-out, but we are afraid to try to draw it here. Both get along on their wits; one may start to work on the wood pile, and stay by it till you go into the house to wash the dishes, and the other gives work the lie, and tries to argue it out.

The Salvation Army are doing a world of good in the cities, and it is known far and wide that they are helping humanity to stand on its feet, and because of this, they are imposed upon by a class of street preachers who ought to be guiding the destinies of a Boy-Dixie in a big quiet, open field where the blue smoke is lazily rising from the burning log-heaps, and the blue birds sing a song of mating from the top of every stump.

## SHERIFF'S SALE

By Virtue of a Writ of Vendition Exponas, issued out of Circuit Court of Houston County, Alabama, and to me directed where I am commanded to sell the property hereinafter described, to satisfy a certain judgment recently obtained against N. J. Hutto, in favor of R. L. Stough & M. D. Hornsby, Partners under the firm & Hornsby, to-wit:

One house and lot in the town of Dothan, described as follows, to-wit: Bounded on the North and East by the Atlantic Compress Co. lot, South by Atlantic Compress Company lot and John Chalker lot, West by Oates street; containing one-half acre more or less, and being a part of S. E. quarter of S. W. quarter, Section 13, Township 3, Range 26.

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale at Public Auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named in and to the above described property, on the 22 day of February, 1909, during the legal hours of sale, at Dothan, in front of the Courthouse door in Houston County, Alabama.

Dated at Dothan this 20th day of January, 1909.

T. W. BUTLER,  
Sheriff of Houston County, Alabama.  
Jan. 23-30. Feb. 6-13-20

## NON-RESIDENT NOTICE.

The State of Alabama, Houston County, in Chancery at Dothan, Alabama, 17th District S. E. Chancery Division.

M. A. Meadows vs. Richard Meadows.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of Ernest H. Hill, solicitor of record, for Complainant, that the Defendant is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and his residence is unknown to affiant, and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the Defendant is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is further ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Dothan Eagle, a newspaper published in Dothan, Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said Richard Meadows, to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 8th day of March, 1909, or, in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken out against him.

Done at this office, in Dothan, Alabama, this 5th day of February, 1909.

J. M. CODY,  
Register.

## CITY SCHOOLS CLOSE

On account of the holding of the Teachers' Institute in Columbia to-morrow and Saturday, the City schools will be closed this evening for the week, to allow the

teachers to attend the Institute.

This will give the children an extra holiday, which no doubt they will greatly enjoy.

## QUAKE'S DEATH LIST.

Thousands Lose Their Lives in Persia.

Teheran, Persia, Feb. 17.—News was received here today showing that sixty villages in Laristan province, Persia, were wholly or

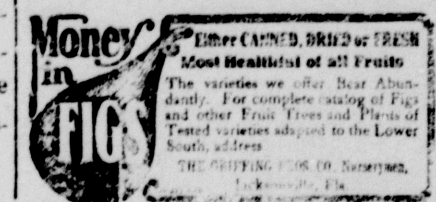
partially destroyed in the earthquake of January 23 and the resultant loss of life is placed between 5,000 and 6,000. The quake was recorded on almost every seismograph in the world.

## ABOUT POLL TAX.

Following is a statement showing the number of people who paid poll tax in Houston county during the last five years:

For 1905 ..... 800  
For 1906 ..... 762  
For 1907 ..... 1013  
For 1908 ..... 1147

This shows a substantial increase every year except the year 1906.



## WATERMELON SEED.

I can furnish watermelon seed for the planting of melons for shipment. The seed can be bought at J. T. Weathers' store for 50c a pound, in Dothan, or at my home near Webb. W. H. Temple, Dothan R.F.D. 4. 2twkpd.

## Plant Wood's Seeds For The Garden & Farm.

Thirty years in business, with a steadily increasing trade every year—until we have to-day one of the largest businesses in seeds in this country—is the best of evidence as to

The Superior Quality of Wood's Seeds.

We are headquarters for Grass and Clover Seeds, Seed Potatoes, Seed Oats, Cow Peas, Soja Beans and all Farm Seeds.

Wood's Descriptive Catalog the most useful and valuable of Garden and Farm seed Catalogs mailed free on request.

T. W. WOOD & SONS, Seedsmen, - Richmond, Va.

You can always tell where Farmers' Bone has been used. The plant looks strong, vigorous & well-fruited. It's because the Fish acts as a tonic. EACH BAG OF THE GENUINE FARMERS' BONE BEARS OUR TRADE MARK—F.S.R. DON'T TAKE SUBSTITUTES F.S. ROYSTER GUANO CO. NORFOLK, VA. COLUMBIA, S.C. MACON, GA.



## Fatten Your Soil— You Fatten Your Pocketbook

Plough deep and fertilize freely and you will make two dollars instead of one at harvest time. The biggest crops in every section of the U. S. have proven this, but you must use the right fertilizers. Some land requires more phosphoric acid, another a greater percentage of nitrogen, or potash, to make it fertile, and you can't make big crops unless you make your land fertile—unless you give it these plant foods in proportions that exactly fill its needs. Avoid money waste or guesswork from now on by using only

## GOULDING'S Fertilizers

For over 50 years they have been the backbone of the biggest crop yields in the South and abroad. Goulding's Fertilizers are especially adapted to the growing of corn and cotton.

They are compounded to suit the special individual needs of various soils in Southern States. Whatever fertilizer your land requires, Goulding's has a special kind to suit your land and fatten your pocketbook by doubling your crops.

Order from your local merchant.

THE GOULDING FERTILIZER CO., W. DeC. Kessler, President, PENSACOLA, FLA.

For Sale by George W. Pilcher.



ABOUT IRISH POTATOES.

We have the Green Mountain Potato, which is noted for its whiteness, its goodness, and then the best thing of all is, that it's early. It is the earliest potato on the market. This Potato is grown north of the bug line, and when planted here, the bugs do not bother them.

**PARAGON PHARMACY.**  
Where a Registered Pharmacist Fills Every Prescription.

**GROCERY MARKET.**  
**Country Produce.**  
Eggs ..... 18c doz  
Hens..... 25c  
Fryers..... 20 to 25c  
Syrup..... 30c  
Sweet Potatoes..... 60c  
  
Strong demand for Sweet Potatoes.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

From Monday's Daily.  
Hon. W. L. Parks, of Andalusia, was in the city today.

Mr. N. M. Hawley, of Coffee Springs, was in Dothan today.

Col. C. L. McLendon, of Montgomery, was here shaking hands with friends yesterday.

Mr. R. M. Brown left this morning for Cuthbert, Ga., where he has a position with the Central Railway Co.

Miss Zula Smith left Saturday for Pensacola on an extended visit, and will take in the Mardi Gras while away.

Mr. and Mrs. Meyer Levine left Sunday morning for Birmingham, to be present at the marriage next Thursday, of Mr. B. J. Leader and Miss Mary Levine.

Mr. Leader is a prominent attorney of Birmingham, while the young lady is the sister of Mr. Meyer Levine and is well known in this city, having spent some time here visiting friends during the several years past.

From Tuesday's Daily.  
Mr. N. B. Crawford went down to Panama City this morning.

Mrs. Ed. Jones left yesterday to visit in Birmingham.

Mr. R. D. Crawford returned last night from a business trip to Birmingham.

Miss Olive Rhodes, of Evergreen, is in the city visiting her sister, Mrs. Dr. Green.

Mrs. John Flowers entertained the New Century Club this afternoon, at three o'clock.

Mr. W. B. Seymour from St. Andrews, Fla., was here yesterday.

From Tuesday's Daily.

Mrs. M. A. Faulk leaves tomorrow for St. Louis, where she goes to buy her spring millinery. Rain and much colder tonight. Cold wave in south portion. Tuesday fair and colder.

Miss Susie Layfield has returned to the city after spending several weeks with her parents in Columbus, and will resume her duties as teacher in the Dothan Business College.

**SILVER WEDDING.**  
Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Newton will celebrate their twenty-fifth wedding anniversary on Wednesday, the 24th of this month.

A windstorm of considerable force swept over Montgomery county night before last, doing considerable damage by blowing down houses, fences and etc. Several persons are reported to have been killed. Montgomery county seems to have become somewhat of a storm center of late.

At a meeting of the Board of Deacons of the First Baptist Church yesterday afternoon, six new deacons were recommended for election and ordination. The honored brethren were, T. J. Whatley, Dr. W. C. Howell, J. L. Ward, Dr. M. S. Davie, M. Cherry and C. C. Bennett. The ordination of these gentlemen will take place on an early date. The First Baptist Church moves on with an enthusiasm that is commendable.

**THE RAIN.**  
For months and months we have been crying out for rain. We have sections of the wire-grass right here in Houston county where they have been hauling water in barrels a distance of five miles, and have been doing this too, for a period of several months, never in the history of this country has this before been the case, and one knows not what this means, unless he has experienced it. Now, we have rain that is giving the ground a wetting such as it hasn't had since last spring. It has been falling just in the right way, falling in such a manner as to be taken up by old mother earth; and when it stops there will be no excuse. The ground will be wet enough to plow; the wells will have water in them; the branches and creeks will be running again, and all will be lovely.

**GEORGIA SHERIFF HERE.**  
J. L. Dollar, of Grady County, Georgia, came over here yesterday and left this morning, with a prisoner who was taken up here as a suspect. Sheriff Butler found a man by name of John Barrentine as night watchman at the Dothan Variety Works, whom he suspected of being the man wanted for assault with attempt to murder. The man was going under an assumed name here, his right name being John Harper. Harper was confined in Grady County jail and broke out of that prison last September. He was charged with wife beating.

**BLACKSMITHING AND REPAIRING.**  
I have opened up my Shop on North Oates Street, near A. C. L. Compress and am prepared to do all kinds of Blacksmith Work and repairing of all kinds. **Horseshoeing A Specialty.** Bring me your plow work also, for I can satisfy you. **N. J. HUTTO,**  
Dothan, Alabama.

Want Ads.

Give us your heavy draying. Whatley Bros., Phone 47.

**FOR SALE.**  
Twenty-four head of oxen; 2 log carts; five log drays; second-hand mules.

**WANTED—**Ten experienced sales girls at once. Apply to Sol Lurie at Dothan Dry Goods Co.'s old stand.

**WANTED—**40 Fat Calves. Phone Enterprise Market.



**OUR MEATS GO QUICKLY**  
for the reason that they are sound, sweet, tender, juicy—every way desirable. Of course it's to our interest, as well as yours, to have no stale stock on hand—we have not. It's the eternal cry of the fresh and succulent we bend our best efforts to answer. How well we do it is shown by our long list of long time customers. Our list awaits your name with welcome.

**CITY MARKET**  
Warren May, Proprietor.  
Two Phones, 64 and 373

**ROOFING and METAL WORK.**  
When I put a roof on your house it is fixed right. When I build your guttering, it is right. I am prepared to do any kind of a job and guarantee my work in all lines of Roofing and Metal Working.  
**W. M. LOUIS.**

**GRANGE MIXTURE**  
**MAKES GREEN FIELDS**  
MADE BY  
**DOTHAN GUANO CO.**  
DOTHAN ALA.

**Just Received**  
Nice line of pretty Bordered Goods, such as Linens, Gingham, Calicos, and Chambrays. Prettiest goods in town in staple and fancy. All guaranteed colors, you should see them and get our prices before you buy. We also have some very pretty Bordered Linen and Silk for Ladies' Shirt waist and our prices is the very lowest give us call.  
**J. M. Brown and Son.**

**SOMETHING FRESH**  
When you want something nice and fresh to eat. Phone 378, Near A. C. L. Depot.  
Nice fresh meats of all kinds on hand at all times. Give us your orders.  
**PEOPLE'S MARKET.**

**FOR SALE—EIGHT PER CENT FIRST MORTGAGES**  
Secured by real estate valued at twice the amount of mortgage. Sums of \$500.00 to \$3,000.00. Interest payable semi-annually. Title insured by Guaranty Company. Buildings insured for not less than amount of mortgage. To run three or five years.  
JOS. W. HOOD, Atty., 216 North 21st St., Birmingham, Ala. tm.7

**DR. C. W. HILLIARD**  
Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.  
Hours 8:30 to 12 a. m.—1:30 to 4 p. m.  
Office over Knox Book Store.

**HOUSES FOR SALE. BUY NOW.**  
1.—5 room house and lot, on lots two and three, block B, Westover, occupied by J. E. Jackson. Price \$1,200.  
2 houses and lots, Nos. 38-40 Alice street. Sanitary connections; both for \$1,400 each, or together, at \$2,500.  
Three 3-room houses on lots 5, 6, and 7, West end of Newton street. \$350 each.  
Three 4 room houses, Pilcher Addition, for \$500 each.  
One 3-room house on Lena street, between Powell and North, for \$300.  
One house on Alice St., \$400.  
One house on Alice St., \$500.  
One house on Newton St., for \$700.  
One house on Newton street, \$900.  
One 5-room house on Newton street, \$1,000.  
Two houses in Alley, \$300 each.  
One house in Alley, \$500.  
One house on Powell st., \$500.  
One house on Powell st., \$300.  
268 acres land, 8 miles south of town, one mile east of Keyton's siding.  
One saw mill complete, including teams, and 600 acres of timber, at \$2,500. Apply at this office. FLH.

**WHATLEY & WARD**  
Make a Specialty of CITY DELIVERY, and always keep a select bunch of SALE HORSES ON HAND.  
Telephone 47.



**POTS AND PANS AND KETTLES.**  
intin, agate, enamel and aluminum ware and every specialty essential to the perfectly appointed kitchen can be had at greatly reduced prices, and of the very best quality. We carry a very complete line of these goods, as well as all

**Bennett Hardware Company**

**WHO DEPOSITS YOUR MONEY?**  
Most of the money is deposited. It is your privilege to deposit it, but if you spend it wastefully, the other fellow will enjoy the privilege of depositing it in his name.  
**One thing we do—"BANKING"**  
**Third National Bank of Dothan**

Change of Schedules.

**ATLANTA @ ST. ANDREWS BAY R. C.**

**TIME TABLE No. 7.**  
To Take Effect Dec. 6, 12:01 A. M.

Southbound		Northbound	
No. 3.	No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 4.
3 30 p.m.	8 45 a.m. Lv. ... Dothan ..	Ar. 12 35 p.m.	6 55
5 05	10 40 Ar. .... Cottondale...	Lv. 11 00	5 20
5 20	11 00 Lv.	Ar. 10 35	6 05
8 45	1 50 Ar. .. Panama City...	Lv. 7 00 a.m.	2 15 p.m.

**Connections—**  
Dothan—A. C. L. Ry., C. of Ga. Ry.  
Cottondale—L. & N. R. R.  
Panama City—Mobile & Gulf S. S. Co.

**W. R. BEAUPRIE,**  
General Manager

**\$1,000 Paid For Two Premiums.**

Granger, Ala., Jan. 15, 1909

State Mutual Life Insurance Co.,  
Rome, Ga.

Dear Sirs:—Your Agent, Mr. J. W. Burkett has handed me your check for One Thousand Dollars in payment of the policy for One Thousand Dollars on my husband's life, which was taken out about one year ago. I wish to thank you for the prompt settlement of his policy which he had only long enough to pay two premiums on.

Yours very truly,  
Mrs. Ole Granger.

**Isaac Brackin Salve**  
**Cures Old Sores**  
This salve has been made half a century, and is only made to cure old sores. If it fails, you return the box to the druggist and get your money back. If it was ever applied to an old sore according to directions and failed to cure it the failure was never reported. Buy a box and give it a fair trial.  
For Sale by  
**PARAGON PHARMACY.**  
Dothan, Alabama.



RELATION OF WATER POWER  
TO THE FUTURE OF  
THE RACE.

The severest critic of modern commercial tendencies must recognize that increase in the world's wealth, said to have doubled in its generation, has contributed much that makes for the moral uplifting of mankind; as for instance, opportunity for education, less arduous toil, shorter hours of labor, more leisure and recreation, free interchange of thought, sanitary homes, appropriate clothing and a diversified and plentiful diet.

In view of this and because the civilized people and the tribes in direct contact with them are increasing at a rate which will double their number every sixty-five years, and because, furthermore, that, of the human family, sixty per cent are semi-civilized, or in savagery, unsupplied with material comforts, it is possible that it is now the dawn and not the noon of man's busy day.

Modern consuming industrial activity of the civilized people is awakening in many nations the idea of the conservation of the natural resources, which are already being consumed at such a rate that their end is in sight. Whether this period of rapid development will soon reach its zenith, or will follow an ever ascending curve of material accretion into an indefinite future is a question, the answer of which depends in part upon the relation of water powers to the future of the race.

An industrial age, first and foremost, must be an age of power transformation. Increased production of raw materials involves the use of more power in winning them from their original condition; likewise more manufactured products demand more power for their fabrication. Greater activity in transportation is also at the expense of more power. The growth of cities, with their electric lights, water supply and transportation systems, increases greatly the per capita demand for power.

To what ever degree may grow

production, transportation and the enjoyment of material comfort, to even a greater extent will grow the use of power. But power development today has one ominous significance on account of its being effected almost exclusively by the consumption of a warning supply of coal.

For the first time that man has occupied the earth, it dawns upon his quickened intelligence that the cunning of his brain and the strength of his unguided hand is tearing down more rapidly than nature restores, and that the time has arrived when the civilized people must safeguard the natural resources of earth against inevitable and everlasting destruction.

Water powers, like the soil, are the basis upon which all valuations depend, and intelligent forestry will conserve both, insure the timber supply indefinitely; prevent the erosion and destruction of the soil and fix the atmospheric nitrogen so that intelligent manipulation of crops will maintain the food supply. Water powers are eternal and will exist as long as the sun shall shine and moisture is evaporated and transported by wind, congealed by cold and pressure, and precipitated upon the land by gravity. Man can, however, indirectly, but none the less disastrously, ruin the utility of water powers by destroying the forests which store the rain at the stream sources, protect the surface from erosion, and the valleys and reservoirs from deposition.

The use of various combined substances will relieve their natural prototypes. The application of new types of structural material, such as Portland cement, and the wider use of other materials and their alloys, may put forth the death of iron indefinitely. But every tendency is toward increase rather than diminished use of power. Coal is the source of the greater part of power used today, and supply is decreasing so rapidly that the burden must be shifted to some other source.

Here, then, is the aspect in which water powers present their profoundest importance. They are the only known great future sources of an age of much increase

ed lavish expenditure of power and have the only distinguishing characteristic in that they waste only in their non-use. Every year of idleness means the exhaustion of a comparable amount of coal, iron, timber and other materials, the loss of which can never be recovered, and water power must, therefore, be looked upon as having equal importance with the soil in relation to the future of our race. G. E. M.

A TALK TO THE NEGROES.

President-elect Taft in a talk to the negroes in New Orleans last week, gave them some good advice.

Mr. Taft declaring his desire to be "the President of all the people" and adding that he wanted to make a plain, common sense non-political talk, told the hearers that their past history had been remarkable in showing their capacity to develop, that their future depended not on emotionalism, but upon individual character building which meant hard work and thrift. To make themselves indispensable to the people of the community in which they lived, was, he declared with emphasis, the only final solution of the problem which they faced. He ridiculed the idea of transporting the negroes to any other country, asking where was the place the ten millions of that race now here could be placed. Education, industrial and rudimentary, for the great masses, and higher and special for the leaders, he advocated, but one emphatic and repeated incentive was that individual endeavor should be made the governing rule of character.

A to the dealing with crime he said that if the negro wanted a square deal in that respect he must be willing to give a square deal, and be as earnest and zealous in the punishment of the crimes of the negro as any other."

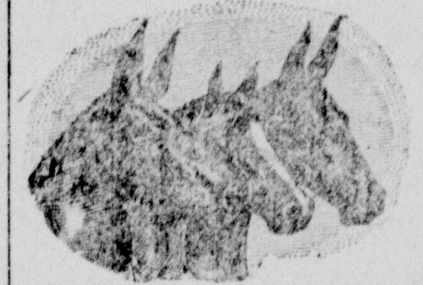
DISASTROUS THEATRE FIRE.

Mexico City, Feb. 15.—Between 250 and 300 persons were burned to death and many were injured in a fire which destroyed the Flores Theatre in the city of Acapulco,

last night. The news of the disaster reached this capital this afternoon, telegraphic communication with Acapulco having been destroyed owing to the fact that the telegraph offices adjoining the theatre were burned and all wires put out of commission.

The floor of the theatre was a wooden affair and last night over 1,000 persons crowded into it to witness a special performance given in honor of Governor Damian Flores of the State of Guerrero, who was visiting the port at the time.

One of the numbers on the program consisted of a series of moving pictures. While the operator was exhibiting these a film caught fire and a blaze was quickly communicated to some bunting that had been used for decorative purposes. In an incredibly short time the flames had spread to all parts of the structure. There were but three narrow exits and the panic-



Horses and Mules  
Wholesale and  
Retail.

We have on hand 50 head of good mules, suitable for the timber business, turpentine business, and extra good farm mules.

Several high-class driving or three good family horses, horses, typical roadsters two and a few good farm mules.

Few plugs that go for a song. From this assortment you can get what you want.

Easy terms, cash or credit. Come to see us.

Dothan Mule Company.

Next Door to Court House.

stricken audience rushed to these, many falling and being crushed to death, their bodies choking the way to escape to others.

PRESIDENT GOES TO CELL  
TO PROTECT DEPOSITS.

Houston, Tex., Feb. 15.—Every night for a month Carl Summers, employed by the State Bank of Bishop, at a salary of \$50 a month to serve for the purpose, has been locked in the cell of the Bishop County jail with the funds of the bank in his possession for safe-keeping. Now he is on a strike and the officials of the institution are compelled to buy a vault. The first day's deposits of the

new bank were large and at night the money was laid away in a strong box. The president tried to lock the vault door and could not. Something had to be done and so Summers was hired to go to jail with \$50,000.

In the morning the "prisoner," with the money, was released.

All went well until Summers was invited to take dinner with the family of the girl he is going to marry. The bank president was willing to wait up, but the sheriff would not.

Summers quit without further notice and that night the president with his pockets stuffed with bills, sat up in jail himself.

All Aboard For The Gulf Of Mexico

-VIA-

"THE BAY LINE"

-Atlanta And Saint Andrews Bay Ry-

LOWEST RATES EVER PUBLISHED TO PANAMA CITY, FLA. ENABLING ONE AND ALL TO VISIT THE FAMOUS RESORT AND TAKE A RUN TO THE MANY BEAUTIFUL POINTS LOCATED ON "OLD SAINT ANDREWS BAY," INCLUDING SAINT ANDREWS AND MILLVILLE.

Excellent Fishing. Good sport for old and young. Go and have a good outing and return home feeling like a new being. "It is Cheaper than Staying at Home."

Effective Saturday, February 27th, 1909, the above Company will sell Round Trip Tickets to Panama City, Fla., from Dothan, Ala. and intermediate points at the following rates. Tickets for sale for train No. 3, leaving Dothan at 3:30 p. m. Saturdays and for Train No. 1, leaving Dothan at 8:45 a. m. Sundays. Good to return on Train 4, leaving Panama City at 2:15 p. m. Sundays, and Train No. 2, leaving Panama City 7:00 a. m. Mondays. Tickets limited to these trains only. Separate coaches for white and colored and strictly first class Equipment.

DOOTHAN.....	\$2.00	STEELE CITY.....	\$1.15
CARMICHAELS.....	1.90	ALFORDS.....	1.10
KEYTONS.....	1.80	FOUND LAKE.....	1.00
HODGESVILLE.....	1.75	COMPASS LAKE.....	.90
MADRID.....	1.65	FOUNTAIN.....	.70
STATE LINE.....	1.60	YOUNGSTOWN.....	.50
CAMPBELLTON.....	1.50	Bear Creek.....	.45
JACOB.....	1.50	Mill Bayou.....	.20
COTTONDALE.....	1.25		

Close connections at Cottondale, Fla., with trains on L. & N. R. R. East and West. Connections at Dothan with Central of Ga. and A. C. L. Rys. For further information, apply to any Ticket Agent of this Company or the undersigned.

W. R. BEAUPRIE, General Manager.

# BANKRUPT SALE

THE FINE UP-TO-DATE STOCK OF O. P. GREEN, BANKRUPT  
GOING AT A GREAT SACRIFICE



I have purchased the above stock, and am offering some unusual bargains to close it out.

SUITS AND OVERCOATS AT HALF PRICE

FORMERLY MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

Hannan Shoes, \$6 and \$6.50 grade, at	\$4.50
Crossett Shoes, \$5 grade at	\$3.75
Howard Hats, \$3. grade at	\$2.25

This Sale is strictly for CASH Everything Else In Proportion.



J. W. GRANT

8. E. MAIN ST.